

### **MONARCH**

Provide flowering native nectar plants, shelter from the wind, and water puddler for monarchs throughout the year.



# **CATERPILLAR**

Encourage butterflies to stay in your yard and raise their young by providing larval host plants for emerging caterpillars.



## NATIVE BEE

Being solitary in nature, native solitary bees are the perfect addition to any garden. Plant native flowering plants and provide nesting opportunities for ground-nesting and tunnel-nesting bees.



### MOTH

Provide nectar for moths by planting native species that bloom during the night. Moths, like bats, are nocturnal and are an important food source for insect eating bats.



# BAT

Plant an abundance of native agave species to help support nectar feeding species such as the endangered Lesser long-nosed bat.

In cooperation with Bat Conservation International



## **LIZARD**

A bio-rich yard with limited or no pesticide use, rock piles to provide shelter for hibernation, and bare earth for lizards to burrow and lay eggs.



### **CAVITY-NESTER**

Nestboxes for Lucy's
Warbler, Western Screechowl, Ash-throated Flycatcher,
and others. Bee boxes for
tunnel-nesting, native,
solitary bees. Preserving
dead trees that are safe
to maintain, providing
additional natural cavities.



### **DARK SKIES**

Limit light pollution with downward pointing, covered lights, and motion-activated outdoor lighting.

In cooperation with

Dark Skies International



### POISON-FREE

Eliminate the use of insecticides, herbicides, and rodenticides.

Practice natural pest removal strategies.